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LAB GUIDE

DCN 2-Tier L2 Fabric

!!!IMPORTANT!!

THIS GUIDE ASSUMES THAT THE AOS-CX OVA HAS BEEN INSTALLED AND WORKS IN GNS3 OR EVE-NG. PLEASE REFER TO GNS3/EVE-NG INITIAL SETUP LABS IF REQUIRED.

WRITE MEM SAVED CONFIGS DON'T IMPORT CORRECTLY, READER SHOULD COPY/PASTE LAB CONFIGS FROM APPENDIX INTO LAB IF REQUIRED.

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Lab Objective

At the end of this workshop, you will be able to implement the basic configurations on a standard switch topology to implement a 2-Tier Data Center switch fabric layer 2. The Key technologies leveraged are VSX supporting multi chassis lag , VSX active gateway

Lab Overview

The lab comprises of a layer 2 core running VSX, Switch A & Switch B, and will host the L3 Gateways on an SVI (Switch Virtual Interface). The edge switch nodes supporting server access will also run VSX. Switch C & D will form a VSX pair and Switch E & F will form a VSX pair.

With extensive use of VSX providing MCLAG support, there is no requirement to implement spanning tree. All links from the edge to the core are in an active 'forwarding' data plane state.

The lab provides exposure to 'vsx-sync' on specific cli commands where configurations are applied on the VSX primary switch and are synced automatically to the VSX secondary switch.

Layer 3 services in the form of SVI on VLANs would be required on the core switch pair (Switch A & B). This is illustrated in the lab with an example configuration using a single VLAN.

This lab only focuses on the layer 2 interconnectivity model between the edge switch network and the core switches. Layer 3 routing services would be required to interconnect this 2-tier layer DCN fabric to other switch fabrics and/or supporting external connectivity to WAN and internet services. L3 interconnectivity examples can be found in other Aruba developed labs for EVE-NG.

This DCN lab is one of a series, other labs in this series are:-

- | | |
|---|----------------|
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with OSPF | August 2021 |
| • DCN 2 -Tier L3 fabric with IBGP | August 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with OSPF | August 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with OSPF – MultVRF | September 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with iBGP – MultVRF | September 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with eBGP – MultVRF | September 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with OSPF VXLAN/EVPN Overlay | September 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with iBGP with VXLAN/EVPN Overlay | October 2021 |
| • DCN 2-Tier L3 fabric with eBGP with VXLAN/EVPN Overlay | October 2021 |
| • NetEdit in the DC: EBGP EVPN Multi-AS VXLAN Fabric provisioning | October 2021 |
| • NetEdit in the DC: iBGP EVPN Multi-AS VXLAN Fabric provisioning | October 2021 |

The above reflects anticipated dates for lab completion and subsequent posting on the CX Simulator community page.

[AOS-CX Switch Simulator Community page](#)

This lab was created using the CX simulator version 10.08

Lab Network Layout

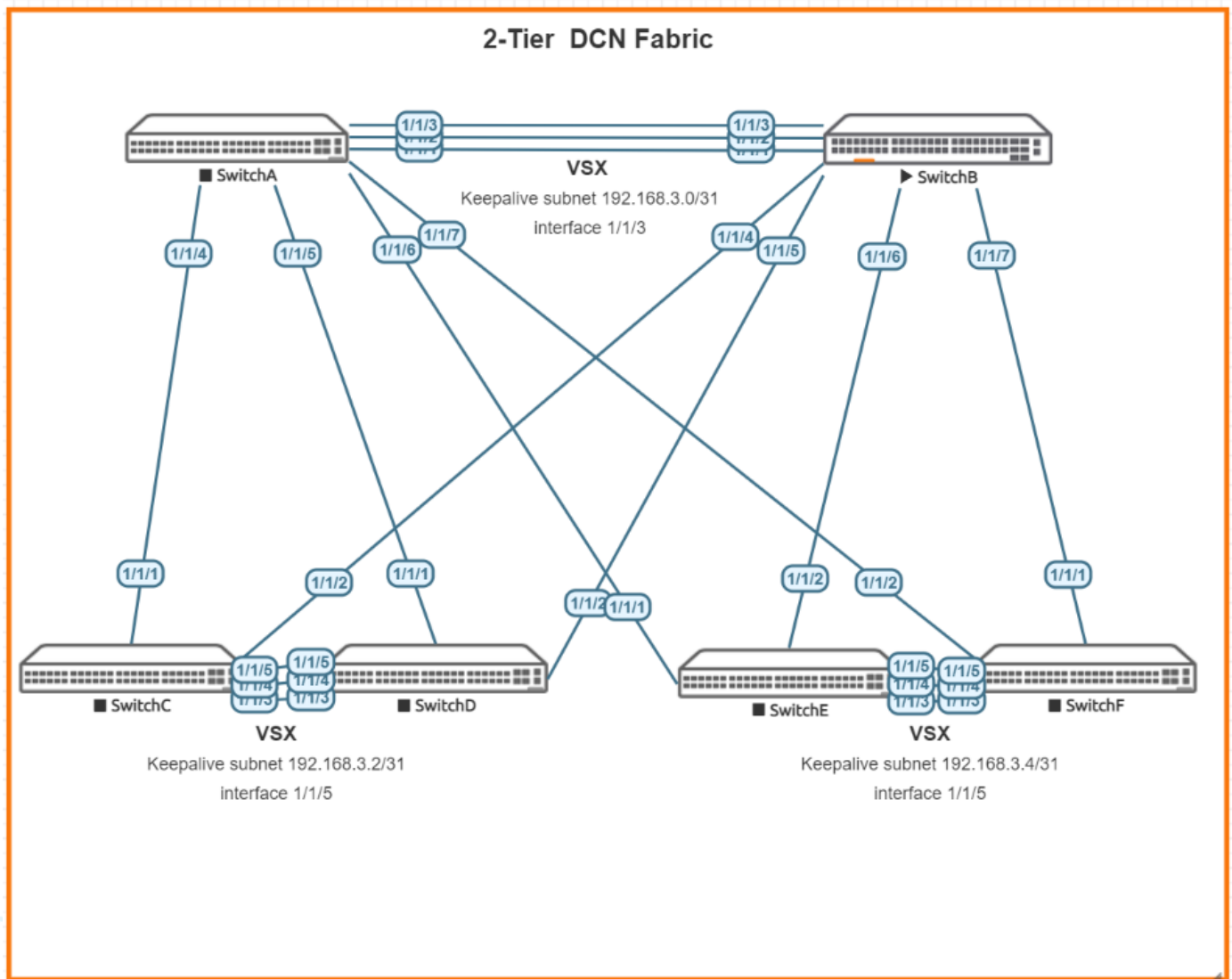


Figure 1. Lab topology physical interconnection

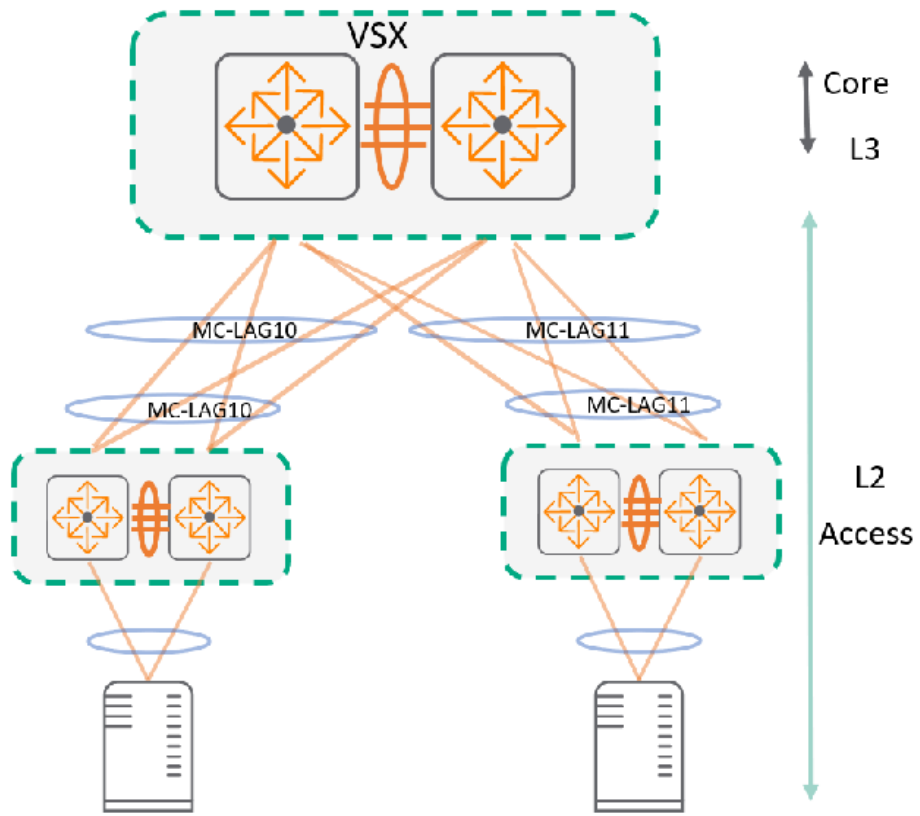


Figure 2 -Logical connectivity model

*Server connectivity is not part of the lab – provided for illustration only.

Lab Tasks

Task 1 - Lab setup

For this lab refer to Figure 1 for topology and IP address details.

- Start all the devices
- Open each switch console and log in with user “admin” and no password
- Change all hostnames as shown in the topology:

```
hostname ...
```

```

•   :
int 1/1/1-1/1/7
  no shutdown

```

Validate LLDP neighbors appear as expected

```
show lldp neighbor
```

Example Switch A

```
SwitchA# sh lldp neighbor-info
```

```
LLDP Neighbor Information
```

```

=====
Total Neighbor Entries      : 7
Total Neighbor Entries Deleted : 0
Total Neighbor Entries Dropped : 0
Total Neighbor Entries Aged-Out : 0

```

LOCAL-PORT	CHASSIS-ID	PORT-ID	PORT-DESC	TTL	SYS-NAME
1/1/1	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	1/1/1	1/1/1	120	SwitchB
1/1/2	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	1/1/2	1/1/2	120	SwitchB
1/1/3	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	1/1/3	1/1/3	120	SwitchB
1/1/4	08:00:09:b6:77:ac	1/1/1	1/1/1	120	SwitchC
1/1/5	08:00:09:9b:4c:6b	1/1/1	1/1/1	120	SwitchD
1/1/6	08:00:09:b6:81:f1	1/1/1	1/1/1	120	SwitchE
1/1/7	08:00:09:76:73:f6	1/1/2	1/1/2	120	SwitchF

- Typically, the MTU size would be set to a value of 9198 bytes for active center networking interfaces however jumbo frames are not supported on the CX simulator and this configuration will not be applied.

Task 2 – Configure VSX between Switch pairs

Note: Switch CX simulator software levels need to be the same for VSX to deploy correctly.

This task will be repeated 3 times for each switch pair and will involve the following:-

Creation of a LAG on each switch

VSX configuration on each switch – discrimination between Primary and Secondary nodes

VSX Keep-Alive configuration.

Keep-Alive subnets used:-

- Switch A/B use subnet 192.168.3.0/31
- Switch C/D use subnet 192.168.3.2/31
- Switch E/F use subnet 192.168.3.4/31

Switch A & B

On switch A configure the lag 256 as the ISL link

```
interface lag 256
  description ISL to SwitchB
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
  no shut
```

Apply the lag 128 on interfaces 1/1/1 and 1/1/2

```
SwitchA(config)# interface 1/1/1-1/1/2
SwitchA(config-if-<1/1/1-1/1/2>)# lag 256
SwitchA(config-if-<1/1/1-1/1/2
>)# exit
```

Configure the VSX configuration on Switch A

```
vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:00
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role primary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.1 source 192.168.3.0
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync vsx-global
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces
```

Configure the keepalive link to Switch B on interface 1//1/3

```
interface 1/1/3
  description Keepalive interface to SwitchB
  ip address 192.168.3.0/31
```

repeat the configuration on Switch B , note the changes of VSX role from primary to secondary, keepalive source and destination addressing, and using an ip keepalive address on interface 1/1/9 of 192.168.3.1/31

On switch B configure the lag 256 as the ISL link

```
interface lag 256
  description ISL
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
```

Apply the lag 128 on interfaces 1/1/1 and 1/1/2

```
SwitchA(config)# interface 1/1/6-1/1/7
SwitchA(config-if-<1/1/1-1/1/2>)# lag 256
SwitchA(config-if-<1/1/1-1/1/2>)# exit
```

Configure the VSX configuration on Switch B

```
vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:00
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role secondary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.0 source 192.168.3.1
  no split-recovery
```

Configure the keepalive link to Switch A on interface 1//1/3

```
SwitchA(config)# interface 1/1/3
  description Keepalive interface to SwitchA
  ip address 192.168.3.1/31
```

run the following commands validate the VSX configuration and status

```
SwitchA# sh interface lag 256 brief
```

```
-----
-----
Port      Native Mode   Type           Enabled Status Reason           Speed  D
description
          VLAN                               (Mb/s)
-----
-----
```

```
lag256 1 trunk -- yes up -- 2000 I
SL
```

SwitchA# **sh vsx status**

VSX Operational State

```
-----
ISL channel           : In-Sync
ISL mgmt channel      : operational
Config Sync Status    : In-Sync
NAE                   : peer_reachable
HTTPS Server          : peer_reachable
```

Attribute	Local	Peer
ISL link	lag256	lag256
ISL version	2	2
System MAC	02:00:00:00:01:00	02:00:00:00:01:00
Platform	X86-64	X86-64
Software Version	Virtual.10.08.0001BO	Virtual.10.08.0001BO
Device Role	primary	secondary

SwitchA# **sh vsx brief**

```
ISL State              : In-Sync
Device State           : Peer-Established
Keepalive State        : Keepalive-Established
Device Role            : Primary
Number of Multi-chassis LAG interfaces : 0
```

Configure Switch C & D as a VSX pair

- Switch C will be the VSX Primary
- Use interfaces 1/1/3-1/1/4 for the lag 256
- Use system mac address of 02:00:00:00:01:01
- Use subnet 192.168.3.2/31 for keepalive on interface 1/1/5

VSX example Switch C

```
interface lag 256
  description ISL
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active

interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
  lag 256
```



```

interface 1/1/4
  no shutdown
  lag 256

vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:01
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role primary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.3 source 192.168.3.2
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync vsx-global
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces

```

```

interface 1/1/5
  no shutdown
  description keepalive to Switch D
  ip address 192.168.3.2/31

```

SwitchD

```

interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL to SwitchC
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/4
  no shutdown
  lag 256

```

```

vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:01
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role secondary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.2 source 192.168.3.3
  no split-recovery

interface 1/1/5
  no shutdown
  description keepalive to SwitchC
  ip address 192.168.3.3/31

```

Repeat for Switch E & F, configure Switch E & F as VSX pair

- Switch E will be the VSX Primary

- Use interfaces 1/1/3-1/1/4 for the lag 256
- Use the system mac address of 02:00:00:00:01:02
- Use subnet 192.168.3.4/31 for keepalive on interface 1/1/5

SwitchE

```
interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active

interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/4
  no shutdown
  lag 256

vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:02
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role primary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.5 source 192.168.3.4
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global

interface 1/1/5
  no shutdown
  description keepalive to SwitchD
  ip address 192.168.3.4/31
```

Switch F

```
interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active

interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/4
```

```
no shutdown
lag 256
```

```
vsx
```

```
system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:02
inter-switch-link lag 256
role secondary
keepalive peer 192.168.3.4 source 192.168.3.5
no split-recovery
```

```
interface 1/1/5
no shutdown
description keepalive to SwitchD
ip address 192.168.3.5/31
```

On switch C & E VSX primary node, validate the VSX status and configuration by using the following commands:-

```
sh interface lag 256
sh vsx status
sh vsx brief
```

```
SwitchC# sh interface lag 256
```

```
Aggregate lag256 is up
Admin state is up
Description : ISL to SwitchD
MAC Address          : 08:00:09:b6:77:ac
Aggregated-interfaces : 1/1/3 1/1/4
Aggregation-key      : 256
Aggregate mode       : active
Speed                : 2000 Mb/s
L3 Counters: Rx Disabled, Tx Disabled
qos trust none
VLAN Mode: native-untagged
Native VLAN: 1
Allowed VLAN List: all
```

Statistic	RX	TX	Total
Packets	69945	105620	0
Unicast	0	0	0
Multicast	0	0	0
Broadcast	0	0	0
Bytes	14688007	120640101	0
Jumbos	0	0	0
Dropped	0	0	0
Pause Frames	0	0	0

```

Errors                                0                0                0
  CRC/FCS                             0                n/a              0
  Collision                             n/a              0                0
  Runts                                0                n/a              0
  Giants                                0                n/a              0

```

SwitchC# **sh vsx status**

VSX Operational State

```

-----
ISL channel           : In-Sync
ISL mgmt channel     : operational
Config Sync Status   : In-Sync
NAE                   : peer_reachable
HTTPS Server         : peer_reachable

```

Attribute	Local	Peer
ISL link	lag256	lag256
ISL version	2	2
System MAC	02:00:00:00:01:01	02:00:00:00:01:01
Platform	X86-64	X86-64
Software Version	Virtual.10.08.0001BO	Virtual.10.08.0001BO
Device Role	primary	secondary

SwitchC# **sh vsx brief**

```

ISL State           : In-Sync
Device State       : Peer-Established
Keepalive State    : Keepalive-Established
Device Role        : Primary
Number of Multi-chassis LAG interfaces : 1

```

Task 3 – Configure Multi chassis link aggregation from Switch A & B to Switches C,D, E, F

On completion of configuring each VSX Switch pair, multi chassis link aggregation can be configured between each Switch A/B and the VSX switch pairs of Switches C/D and Switches E/F at the edge of the network.

Interfaces 1/1/4 & 1/1/5 on Switch A & Switch B will be used for multi chassis lag 10 to switch C & D

Interfaces 1/1/6 & 1/1/7 on Switch A & Switch B will be used for multi chassis lag 11 to switch E & F

Task 3.1 Configure Multi-chassis link aggregation Switches A&B to Switches C&D

On Switch A

Configure :-

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
  description MCLAG to switch C-D
  no routing
  no shutdown
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
```

On interfaces 1/1/4-1/1/5 configure lag 10.

```
interface 1/1/4
  lag 10
interface 1/1/5
  lag 10
```

On switch B

configure :-

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
```

On entering the 'interface lag 10 multi-chassis' command, the lag 10 configuration will dynamically sync from Switch A as a result of the `vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global` command.

On interfaces 1/1/4-1/1/5 configure lag 10.

```
interface 1/1/4
  lag 10
interface 1/1/5
  lag 10
```

On Switch C

configure:-

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
  description MCLAG to switch A-B
  no routing
  no shutdown
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
```

On interfaces 1/1/1-1/1/2 configure lag 10.

```
interface 1/1/1
  lag 10
interface 1/1/2
  lag 10
```

On Switch D

configure:-

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
```

On entering the 'interface lag 10 multi-chassis' command, the lag 10 configuration will dynamically sync from Switch C as a result of the `vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global` command.

On interfaces 1/1/1-1/1/2 configure lag 10.

```
interface 1/1/1
  lag 10
interface 1/1/2
  lag 10
```

Task 3.2 Configure Multi chassis link aggregation Switches A&B to Switch E & F

On switch A

Configure:-

```
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
  description MCLAG to switch E-F
  no routing
  no shutdown
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
```

On interfaces 1/1/6-1/1/7 configure lag 11.

```
interface 1/1/6
  lag 11
interface 1/1/7
  lag 11
```

On Switch B

Configure:-

```
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
```

On entering the 'interface lag 11 multi-chassis' command, the lag 11 configuration will dynamically sync from Switch D as a result of the `vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global` command.

On interfaces 1/1/6-1/1/7 configure lag 11.

```
interface 1/1/6
  lag 11
interface 1/1/7
  lag 11
```

On Switch E

Configure:-

```
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
  description MCLAG to switch A-B
  no routing
  no shutdown
  vlan trunk native 1
```

```
vlan trunk allowed all
lacp mode active
```

On interfaces 1/1/1-1/1/2 configure lag 11.

```
interface 1/1/1
  lag 11
interface 1/1/2
  lag 11
```

On Switch F

Configure:-

```
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
  description MCLAG to switch A-B
  no routing
  no shutdown
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
```

On interfaces 1/1/1-1/1/2 configure lag 11.

```
interface 1/1/1
  lag 11
interface 1/1/2
  lag 11
```

Validate Multi-chassis lag operation

On Switch A

Run the `sh lacp interfaces` command

```
SwitchA# sh lacp interfaces
```

State abbreviations :

```
A - Active          P - Passive          F - Aggregable I - Individual
S - Short-timeout L - Long-timeout N - InSync          O - OutofSync
C - Collecting     D - Distributing
X - State m/c expired      E - Default neighbor state
```

Actor details of all interfaces:

Intf	Aggr Name	Port Id	Port Pri	State	System-ID	System Pri	Aggr Key	Forwarding State
1/1/4	lag10(mc)	4	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	10	up
1/1/5	lag10(mc)	5	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	10	up
1/1/6	lag11(mc)	6	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	11	up
1/1/7	lag11(mc)	7	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	11	up
1/1/1	lag256	2	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:ee:11:82	65534	256	up
1/1/2	lag256	3	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:ee:11:82	65534	256	up

Partner details of all interfaces:

Intf	Aggr Name	Port Id	Port Pri	State	System-ID	System Pri	Aggr Key
1/1/4	lag10(mc)	1	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:01	65534	10
1/1/5	lag10(mc)	1001	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:01	65534	10
1/1/6	lag11(mc)	1	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:02	65534	11
1/1/7	lag11(mc)	1002	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:02	65534	11
1/1/1	lag256	2	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	65534	256
1/1/2	lag256	3	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	65534	256

Run the sh lacp interfaces vsx-peer command

SwitchA# **sh lacp interfaces vsx-peer**

State abbreviations :

A - Active P - Passive F - Aggregable I - Individual
 S - Short-timeout L - Long-timeout N - InSync O - OutofSync
 C - Collecting D - Distributing
 X - State m/c expired E - Default neighbor state

Actor details of all interfaces:

Intf	Aggr Name	Port Id	Port Pri	State	System-ID	System Pri	Aggr Key	Forwarding State
1/1/4	lag10(mc)	1004	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	10	up
1/1/5	lag10(mc)	1005	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	10	up
1/1/6	lag11(mc)	1006	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	11	up
1/1/7	lag11(mc)	1007	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	11	up
1/1/1	lag256	2	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	65534	256	up
1/1/2	lag256	3	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	65534	256	up

Partner details of all interfaces:

Intf	Aggr Name	Port Id	Port Pri	State	System-ID	System Pri	Aggr Key
1/1/4	lag10(mc)	2	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:01	65534	10
1/1/5	lag10(mc)	1002	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:01	65534	10
1/1/6	lag11(mc)	2	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:02	65534	11
1/1/7	lag11(mc)	1001	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:02	65534	11
1/1/1	lag256	2	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:ee:11:82	65534	256
1/1/2	lag256	3	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:ee:11:82	65534	256

Repeat the following commands on Switch C

```
sh lacp interfaces
sh lacp interfaces vsx-peer
```

Repeat the following commands on Switch E

```
sh lacp interfaces
sh lacp interfaces vsx-peer
```

The output state for each interface should reflect **ALFNCD** for healthy link(s)

Common problems are typically associated with mc-lag interfaces or physical interfaces in the 'admin shut' state . The output is very explicit if either or both are in an 'admin shut' state.

See output below for mc-lag11 which is in the 'admin shut' state

```
SwitchB# sh lacp interface
```

State abbreviations :

A - Active P - Passive F - Aggregable I - Individual
 S - Short-timeout L - Long-timeout N - InSync O - OutofSync
 C - Collecting D - Distributing
 X - State m/c expired E - Default neighbor state

Actor details of all interfaces:

Intf	Aggr Name	Port Id	Port Pri	State	System-ID	System Pri	Aggr Key	Forwarding State
1/1/4	lag10(mc)	1004	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	10	up
1/1/5	lag10(mc)	1005	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:00	65534	10	up
1/1/6	lag11(mc)							down
1/1/7	lag11(mc)							down
1/1/1	lag256	2	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	65534	256	up
1/1/2	lag256	3	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:16:7b:7e	65534	256	up

Partner details of all interfaces:

Intf	Aggr Name	Port Id	Port Pri	State	System-ID	System Pri	Aggr Key
1/1/4	lag10(mc)	2	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:01	65534	10
1/1/5	lag10(mc)	1002	1	ALFNCD	02:00:00:00:01:01	65534	10
1/1/6	lag11(mc)						
1/1/7	lag11(mc)						
1/1/1	lag256	2	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:ee:11:82	65534	256
1/1/2	lag256	3	1	ALFNCD	08:00:09:ee:11:82	65534	256

Task 4 – Configure active GWs on Switch A& B

The design topology is L2 from the edge VSX pairs (Switches C,D, E & F) to the core switch VSX pair of Switch A&B. The design requires L3 SVI GWs to be configured on Switches A& B for appropriate VLANs used to support L3 inter VLAN connectivity.

A sample VLAN configuration is provided here:-

On Switch A create VLAN 100 and VLAN 100 interface from configuration mode

Configure:-

```
vlan 100
interface vlan 100
  vsx-sync active-gateways
  ip address 10.100.1.2/24
  active-gateway ip mac 12:01:00:00:01:00
  active-gateway ip 10.100.1.1
  ip helper-address 10.1.1.200
```

on switch B create VLAN 100 and VLAN 100 interface from configuration mode

```
vlan 100
interface vlan 100
```

do the `sh running-config interface vlan 100` command

output:-

```
interface vlan100
  vsx-sync active-gateways
  active-gateway ip mac 12:01:00:00:01:00
  active-gateway ip 10.100.1.1
  exit
```

Note the active GW IP and GW virtual MAC are synchronized due to the vsx-sync command.

On Switch B

Configure the specific ip address and ip helper address

```
Interface vlan 100
ip address 10.100.1.3/24
ip helper-address 10.1.1.200 (helper dhcp address )
```

The best practice for SVI active-gateway is to set the active-gateway Virtual IP and Virtual MAC on the VSX primary and get the value synchronized on the VSX secondary with vsx-sync command.

The best practice for active-gateway VMAC is to use the same VMAC for all IPv4 SVIs. The scope of this VMAC is purely link-local. .If some servers or systems have dual-attachment to two different SVIs, and the system administrator would like to see distinct MAC addresses for the next-hops over these separate interfaces, then 16 VMACs are available.

For dual-stack IPv4 and IPv6, 16 VMACs can be used for IPv4 and the same VMACs can be used for IPv6. It is however a best practice to use only 8 VMACs for IPv4 and 8 different VMACs for IPv6.

Refer to the ' VSX best practice' documentation for more information :-

[VSX Configuration Best Practices](#)

END of LAB tasks

Appendix – Complete Configurations

Switch A

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
  no shutdown
  description MCLAG to SwitchC-D
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
  no shutdown
  description MCLAG to SwitchE-F
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL SwitchB
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface 1/1/1
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/2
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
```

```
description Keepalive interface to SwitchB
ip address 192.168.3.0/31
interface 1/1/4
no shutdown
lag 10
interface 1/1/5
no shutdown
lag 10
interface 1/1/6
no shutdown
lag 11
interface 1/1/7
no shutdown
lag 11
interface vlan100
vsx-sync active-gateways
ip address 10.100.1.2/24
active-gateway ip mac 12:01:00:00:01:00
active-gateway ip 10.100.1.1
ip helper-address 10.1.1.200
vsx
system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:00
inter-switch-link lag 256
role primary
keepalive peer 192.168.3.1 source 192.168.3.0
no split-recovery
vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global
!
```

Switch B

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
no shutdown
description MCLAG to SwitchC-D
no routing
vlan trunk native 1
```

```
vlan trunk allowed all
lacp mode active
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
description MCLAG to SwitchE-F
no routing
vlan trunk native 1
vlan trunk allowed all
lacp mode active
interface lag 256
no shutdown
description ISL SwitchA
no routing
vlan trunk native 1
vlan trunk allowed
lacp mode active
interface 1/1/1
no shutdown
lag 256
interface 1/1/2
no shutdown
lag 256
interface 1/1/3
no shutdown
description keepalive interface to SwitchA
ip address 192.168.3.1/31
interface 1/1/4
no shutdown
lag 10
interface 1/1/5
no shutdown
lag 10
interface 1/1/6
no shutdown
lag 11
interface 1/1/7
no shutdown
```

```
lag 11
interface vlan 100
  vsx-sync active-gateways
  active-gateway ip mac 12:01:00:00:01:00
  active-gateway ip 10.100.1.1
vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:00
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role secondary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.0 source 192.168.3.1
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global
!
```

Switch C

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
  no shutdown
  description MCLAG to Switch A-B
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL to SwitchD
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface 1/1/1
  no shutdown
  lag 10
interface 1/1/2
  no shutdown
  lag 10
interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
```



```
lag 256
interface 1/1/4
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/5
  no shutdown
  description keepalive to Switch D
  ip address 192.168.3.2/31
vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:01
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role primary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.3 source 192.168.3.2
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global
!
```

Switch D

```
interface lag 10 multi-chassis
  no shutdown
  description MCLAG to Switch A-B
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL to SwitchC
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface 1/1/1
  no shutdown
  lag 10
interface 1/1/2
  no shutdown
```

```
    lag 10
interface 1/1/3
    no shutdown
    lag 256
interface 1/1/4
    no shutdown
    lag 256
interface 1/1/5
    no shutdown
    description keepalive to SwitchC
    ip address 192.168.3.3/31
vsx
    system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:01
    inter-switch-link lag 256
    role secondary
    keepalive peer 192.168.3.2 source 192.168.3.3
    no split-recovery
    vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global
!
```

Switch E

```
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
    no shutdown
    description MCLAG to switch A-B
    no routing
    vlan trunk native 1
    vlan trunk allowed all
    lacp mode active
interface lag 256
    no shutdown
    description ISL
    no routing
    vlan trunk native 1
    vlan trunk allowed all
    lacp mode active
interface 1/1/1
    no shutdown
```

```
lag 11
interface 1/1/2
  no shutdown
  lag 11
interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/4
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/5
  no shutdown
  description keepalive switchF
  ip address 192.168.3.4/31
vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:02
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role primary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.5 source 192.168.3.4
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global
!
```

Switch F

```
interface lag 11 multi-chassis
  no shutdown
  description MCLAG to switch A-B
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
  lacp mode active
interface lag 256
  no shutdown
  description ISL
  no routing
  vlan trunk native 1
  vlan trunk allowed all
```

```
lacp mode active
interface 1/1/1
  no shutdown
  lag 11
interface 1/1/2
  no shutdown
  lag 11
interface 1/1/3
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/4
  no shutdown
  lag 256
interface 1/1/5
  no shutdown
  description keepalive to SwitchD
  ip address 192.168.3.5/31
vsx
  system-mac 02:00:00:00:01:02
  inter-switch-link lag 256
  role secondary
  keepalive peer 192.168.3.4 source 192.168.3.5
  no split-recovery
  vsx-sync mclag-interfaces vsx-global
!
```

END OF DOCUMENT

